1. CN1118165

[54]发明名称 邻位取代的2-甲氧亚氨基苯基-N-甲基 乙酰胺

|57|摘要

公开了通克1代合物,其中将号和股权集的截义 如下, n 和 或 l −4, X 为 O 或 Si Y 为五元杂芳 环, R 为 南部、原志、成图子、校落、该代校基、 烷氧基、卤代烷氧基、烷酸基,来等或率氧基; R 为怎、烷基、医螺基或换基。或除碳原干还可含有杂 原干性为环尼药的饱和废产物品等。

<57>Abstract

Compounds of the general formula I disclosed, wherein the index and the substituents have the following meanings:n is 0 or 1 to 4; X is O or S; Y is a five-membered heteroaromatic ring; R¹ is nitro; cyano; halogen; alkyl; haloalkyl; alkoxy; haloalkoxy; alkylthio; phenyl or phenoxy; R² is hydrogen; alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl; or a saturatedy,or unsaturated ring which, in addition to carbon atoms, can also contain hetero atoms as ring members are described.

2.CN1175575

[54]发明名称 苄氧基取代的芳基化合物及它们作为杀 真菌剂和杀虫剂的应用

[57]摘要

本发明提供了具有杀真菌和杀虫性能的化合物,具有通式;

共中A为N或CH; V为O或NH;

m 和 n 独立地为 0 或 1, 但 m+n 不为 2, 且 U 和 W 独立地为 O 或 N;

X 独立选自 H, 卤素, (C,-C₄) 烷基, 以及 (C,-C₄) 烷基;

R 独立选自 H, (C_1-C_{12}) 烷基,成代 (C_1-C_{12}) 烷基, (C_2-C_4) 烷基素, (C_1-C_4) 烷基基, (C_1-C_4) 烷基基, (C_1-C_4) 烷基, (C_1-C_4) 烷基, (C_1-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_4) 烷基,

 R_1 独立选自 H, (C_1-C_4) 烷基, 及芳基, 并且 Z 选自 (C_1-C_4) 烷基, 卤代 (C_1-C_4) 烷基, (C_3-C_7) 环烷基, (C_3-C_7) 环烷基, (C_1-C_4) 烷基, 芳基以及芳烷基。

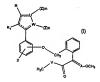
<57>Abstract

Compounds with fungicidal and insecticidal properties have formula;

wherein A is N or CH; V is O or NH; m and n are independently selected from 0 or 1 provided that m+n is not 2, and U and W are independently O or N;

X is independently selected from hydrogen, halo, (C1-C4)alkyl, and C1-C4)alkoxy;

R is independently selected from hydrogen, (C1-C12)alkyl, halo(C1-C12)alkyl, (C2-C8)alkenyl,



 $(C_2-C_8)alkynyl_*(C_1-C_{12})alkoxy(C_1-C_{12})alkyl, \quad (C_3-C_7)cycloalkyl, \quad (C_3-C_7)cycloalkyl(C_1-C_4)alkyl, \\ aryl, aralkyl, heterocyclic; and$

R₁ is independently selected from hydrogen, (C₁-C₀)alkyl, and aryl; and Z is selected from (C₁-C₀)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₀)alkyl, (C₂-C₇) cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₇)cycloalkyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, aryl and aralkyl.

3. CN1154692

[54]发明名称 2-[(二氢)吡唑-3'-基氧亚甲基]苯胺的酰 胺及其制备方法和用途

1571摘要

本发明涉及式(1)的2-1(二氢) 吡唑基-3/ 一氟亚甲丸 計率胺的酰胺,式中。——为单键或双 健康、内为0、1、2、3或4 m为 0、1 或2) X为直 健康、内为0、1、2、3或4 m为 0、1 或2) X为直 健康、区界、氟或 NR³,R³为数点蒸,氟基。成。或 可被放收物基。R³为前蒸,氟基、成、烷基,或 或 1 成,成 1 成,或 1 成,或 1 成 或 1 成,或 1 成,或 1 成,或 1 成,或 1 成 1 成,或 1

<57>Abstract

The invention relates to 2-{(dihydro)pyrazolyl-3-oxymethylene]-anilides of formula (I) in which = is a single or double bond and the subscripts and substituents are as follows: n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; m is 0, 1 or 2; X is a direct bond or CH₃, oxygen or NR², R² is hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkylyl or cycloalkylyl or alkinyloxy; R² is nitro, cyano, halogen or optionally substituted alkyl, alkony, alkinyl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy or alkinyloxy; R² is nitro, cyano, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio or alkoxycarbonyl; R² is optionally substituted alkyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl; R² is hydrogen or optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, elycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, or cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkylearbonyl or alkoxycarbonyl; R² is hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl; The invention also relates to methods of preparing such compounds, intermediates used in their preparation and their use.

[54]发明名称 杀真菌剂 [57]摘要

本发明涉及具有式(1)结构及其立体异构体的 条真菌化合物,其中 A 是氫、卤素、羟基、C₁₋₄ 烷基、 C₁₋₄ 烷氧基、C₁₋₄ 卤代烷基、C₁₋₄ 卤代烷氧基、 C₁₋₄ 烷氧羰基、C₁₋₄ 烷氧羰基、苯氧基、硝基或载 基; R¹ 和 R² 如说明书中所定义; R³ 和 R³ 相同或不 同,是氫、任意取代的烷基、任意取代的芳烷基、任意 取代的链烯基、任意取代的烧基、任意取代的芳基或 配式代的杂芳基、或 R³ 和 R⁴ 连接在一起形成任 意取代的杂环; R³ 和 R⁴ 分别是有或 C₁₋₁ 烷基、

<57>Abstract

The invention relates to fungicidal compounds having the formula (I): (I) and stereoisomers thereof, wherein A is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, C_{1-4} alky, C_{1-4} alkoxy, C_{1-4} alkoxy and R^2 refer to Specification; R^2 and R^4 , which are the same or different, are hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyn, optionally substituted alkyn, optionally substituted alkyn, optionally substituted are alkyn, optionally substituted alkonyn, optionally substituted are optionally substituted heterocyclic ring forming by R^3 and R^4 joined together; and R^5 and R^6 are independently hydrogen or C_{1-4} alkyl.

Definition of R1 and R2 refer to the Specification on page 1, line2 from its bottom to page 2, line8:

R¹ and R², which are the same or different, are hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted exploalkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkylalkyl, optionally substituted aralkyl, optionally substituted aryloxyalkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substitut